

WORK FOR MILITIA

Several Thousand Rioters Making Trouble at Whiting.

United States Marshals Driven Out of Town and Two Companies Hurried to the Rescue.

MONON BRIDGE ATTACKED

Another Attempt to Fire It Stopped in the Nick of Time.

Militiamen from Bluffton and One from Muncie Painfully Injured and Sent Home.

E. & T. H. TRAIN DERAILED

Rioting Breaks Loose in Terre Haute for the First Time.

Fort Wayne A. R. U. Notifies Newspapers to Go Slow—Big Four and Wabash Now Running Trains.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

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DR. CREAM POWDER

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RESPECTED DEBTS

Private Papers Seized by Federal Court Officers Returned.

Judge Grosscup Talks Sharply to the District Attorney, and Mr. Olney Disavows Intention of Wrong.

TEXT OF THE INDICTMENT

Labor Leaders After General Managers of the Railways.

They Charge Them with Obstruction of the Mails and Claim They Ought to Be Indicted as Well.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Judge Grosscup sent for Debs and also for District Attorney Michrist to-day. Both were before him at 10 o'clock. Under the circumstances, the papers published in the newspapers that among the books and papers taken from this defendant there were private letters, some of which were still unopened, I want to know what the truth about the matter is. It is true," said the District Attorney, "that the books and papers in Debs's office were seized by government officers and some of them are private papers, but since they came into possession of the government they have been in the custody of the United States marshal and have not been interfered with by any one."

"Mr. Debs," said the Judge, "stands accused in this court of a grave crime, but he has all the rights of a private citizen. His private affairs are his own, and he is entitled to them. If you have in your possession any private papers or letters or other documents of that character it is your duty to return them, and without making any copy of them. If there is a question as to the character of any of the papers, whether they are private or not, the district attorney will bring them before the court."

Mr. Michrist said the officers who made the seizure of the papers were they should not have done. That was due, he said, to the excitement of the moment and not to any desire to disregard private property. He said that the papers had not been copied and had not been seen by any one since they were brought to this court. The sealed letters had not been opened.

Mr. Debs said he was satisfied with the statement of the district attorney. "I desire to thank the court," he said, "for the kindness and consideration and the protection given me."

The leader of the strike then accompanied by his attorney, Mr. Olney, and the letters which were seized last night were given to him. Mr. Olney, one of the nine on bond for conspiracy, was the first witness this morning. He said he had nothing to do with throwing stones. Tom Quigley, another of the alleged conspirators, corroborated Monk's testimony. He said the crowd he was with was late in the morning, about a ball game at the time, and denied that there was any talk about the coal trains. Charles Slack was recalled by the defense to show what was promised him by the State's attorney or officers at the time of his arrest if he would turn State's evidence. He was very forgetful of the subject. Robert Hill, pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, was in the grand jury room yesterday, said to-day he thought the proceedings of the past few days had been a disgrace to the city. "The seizure of President Debs's personal papers," he said, "is an outrage such as one could expect in a despotic government. It is a violation of the rights of the individual. So gross was this violation that I feel more than ever that the federal grand jury yesterday, said to-day he thought the proceedings of the past few days had been a disgrace to the city. "The seizure of President Debs's personal papers," he said, "is an outrage such as one could expect in a despotic government. It is a violation of the rights of the individual. So gross was this violation that I feel more than ever that the federal grand jury yesterday, said to-day he thought the proceedings of the past few days had been a disgrace to the city. "The seizure of President Debs's personal papers," he said, "is an outrage such as one could expect in a despotic government. It is a violation of the rights of the individual. 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